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ON

# LILIUM TIGRINUM

BY

WM. E. PAYNE, M. D.,

BATH, MAINE.

## DETROIT, MICHIGAN:

PUBLISHED AT DR. LODGE'S HOMCOPATHIC PHARMAC 57 AND 59 WATER STREET, NEAR JEFFERSON ATTENTO.

PRIOR FOREY, OERTS.

## MONGRAPH

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# LILIUM TIGRINUM.

 $\mathbf{B} \mathbf{Y}$ 

WM. E. PAYNE, M. D.,

BATH, MAINE.

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187D

A REPORT of the Central Bureau of Materia Medica to American Institute of Homœopathy, 1870.

## LILUM TIGRINUM.

(Tiger Spotted Lily.)

Botanical Characteristics. — The Lilium Tigrinum is a wellknown, showy, orange-colored, coarse-flowered, garden plant, very abundant in cultivation, and is a native of China and Japan. It belongs to the natural order, LILIACEÆ. The stem is from 4 to 6 feet high, (varying in the rankness of growth in accordance with the quality of the soil in which it is planted), unbranched and woolly. Leaves, scattered, sessile, three-veined. the upper cordate-ovate; the axils bulbiferous. Flowers, large, in a pyramid at the summit of the stem, dark orange-colored, with black or very deep crimson, somewhat raised spots, which give the flower the spotted appearance of the skin of the tiger, and from which circumstance it has derived its name; perianth revolute and papillose within. It is hardy enough to thrive in open ground in the vigorous climate of the north, and is propagated by the bulbs produced in the axils of the leaves, as well as by those that surround the mother bulb. It blooms freely in July and August. The bulbs are said to be used by the Japanese as an article of food. It was first brought from China, and introduced into the royal botanical gardens at Kew in 1804. A very good representation of the Lilium Tigrinum may be found in the Botanical Magazine, plate 1237, taken, it is said, from the plant in the Kew gardens. Owing to a general external resemblance, there is a liability, with those unacquainted with botany, of confounding this plant with the Lilium Philadelphicuus. But the botanical distinctions are very marked, and easily recognized by those who have but a limited knowledge of botany.

The Tiger Lily, so far as known, has been regarded and cultivated only as a garden ornament. But it has been long known to botanists as belonging to a tribe of plants which has furnished several therapeutic agents of great value, of which the Aloe; Allium Sativum, (garlic); Allium Cepa, (onion); Scillæ Maratima, (squill); Asparagus; Dracæna Draco, (dragon's blood); and Convallaria polygonatum (Solomon's seal); are conspicuous examples. The Lilium Candium, (white lily), which belongs to the same family, is also traditionally credited with important uterine medicinal properties.

In view, then, of this botanical relationship the inference was entirely legitimate that the Lilium Tigrinum possessed valuable medicinal properties. The reported death of a child in convulsions by eating the pollen of the flower, suggested the idea of proving the drug, and the hope of finding in it additional means of combatting the sometimes formidable convulsions arising from acute and chronic meningeal irritation, prompted the execution of the work. Though the hope is not realized in the proving, yet the promise in a class of diseases, which from their multiplicity have become the bane of female happiness, is sufficiently strong to inspire confident expectations that this drug will henceforth hold an important place in the Homeopathic Materia Medica.

The provings, fifteen in all, were made with the tinctures, or attenuations prepared therefrom, of either the whole plant with the flowers combined, or the pollen alone, gathered in the months of August and September, when the plant was in full maturity. No difference was observed in the disease-begetting power of the plant and the pollen. Both seemed equally potent in developing symptoms.

Several of the provings were made under the supervision of our able colleague, Prof. Carroll Dunham, of New York city, the most important of which is indicated by the letter W; one, a very valuable proving, indicated by the letter F, under the direction of Dr. Wm. Gallupe, of Bangor, Maine, who is a careful observer; and one, indicated by the letter Y, under the eye of Dr. J. W. Savage, of Wiscasset, Maine, to each of whom, on behalf of the profession, as well as in acknowledgement of personal favors, I return sincere thanks.

In the arrangement, the object has been to preserve, as far as practicable, groups of symptoms as they successively appeared in the proving. In carrying out this plan the same group, or a portion of it, has been repeated under different headings. This is more particularly the case under Moral Symptoms and Reproductive Organs.

Here it seemed important to preserve the unity, as the relationship between the uterine functions and the mental and moral conditions is so intimate, that the former cannot be long disturbed without implicating the latter. Should the *Tiger Lily*, after sufficient trial at the bedside, be found worthy of a place in a future edition of the Materia Medica, a revision of the arrangement with reference to brevity can be made.

The original day-book of the provings, is published in the Transactions of the American Institute of Homœopathy for 1871.

The following is a list of the

#### PROVERS.

Mr. F. G. Barker — Bk.

Mrs. Dr. N. W. — W.

Mr. G. — — , a dentist — D.

Mrs. Dr. S. A. F. — S. A. F.

Dr. S. P. Graves — G.

Mrs. Dr. C. L. B. — L. B.

Dr. J. W. Savage — S.

Mrs. Dr. C. L. B. — L. B.

Mrs. Dr. L. B. C. — C.

Mrs. B., student of med. — B.

Mrs. F. — F.

### MIND AND DISPOSITION.

Female.—Great depression of spirits, with fearfulness and apprehension of an impending fatal internal disease; or that it was already preying upon her; constant inclination to weep [very marked;] blurred vision, all objects appearing very indistinct. (Y.)

Great anxiety of mind; constantly troubled; vexed feelings towards every body; don't want to speak or be spoken to. (F.)

Irritable and impatient. (F.)

Despondent and gloomy:—with loss of memory and great difficulty in expressing her thoughts, often selecting wrong words, but in making the correction would as often take other words quite as inappropriate; great fear and dread of insanity. (F.)

More active; things go easily [1st day.] (W.)

Don't want to be pleased and don't want to talk, but want to sleep, and during sleep very unpleasant dreams. [6th day.] (W.)

Wild feeling in the head:—with confusion of ideas; pressure, and a crazy feeling on the top of the head rendering her incapable of recording her own symptoms; fear of insarity and that should she become insane there would be no one to take care of her; worse at night but better in the morning. [8th day.] (W.)

Opposite mental states; she feels nervous and irritable and

yet says she feels jolly. (W.)

Desires to do something but feels no ambition. (W.)

Wants somebody to talk to her and entertain her. (W.)

Feels hurried and yet incapable, as if she had something to do and could not do it. (W.)

Don't want to complain and yet don't avoid people. (W.)

Aversion to being alone and yet she does not dread it; tranquil; liked to see others and hear them talk. (W.)

Disposed to muse and dream; is awake, but seems to be asleep and afar off; seems to be two distinct personalities. (W.)

Great mental and bodily indolence; perceptive and reflective faculties seem to be benumbed, whereas, at first they were over active. (W.)

Can't think; acts without thought; keeps walking fast as if by instinct; feels hurried, don't know why; is forgetful; can't decide for herself; must depend upon others. (W.)

Hurried feeling, as though the breathing would be increased,

yet it is not. (W.)

Conviction that the whole system is profoundly affected by

the drug; that she is not the same person she was. (W.)

Discouraged; no heart nor strength to work. First few days of proving, revolved thoughts of suicide, such as "should I throw myself into the river, would they try to find my body, and would any one care?" and "how much opium would put me to sleep for ever?" an entirely new train of thought. (W.)

Both the social and moral conditions were profoundly affected: dislikes to be alone, though formerly she preferred it, but has no dread of being alone; sexual desires strong, though formerly weak; can repress the desire by keeping very busy, but as soon as occupation ceases the desire returns in full force. (W.)

Wits languid and intuitions dull. (W.)

She feels greatly depressed, with thirst, and pressure on the bladder and rectum; thirst, depression of spirits and dullness of intellect always preceded the severe symptoms. Listless and inert yet don't want to sit still; restless, yet don't want to walk; cross and pettish, and with these symptoms a great craving for meat. (W.)

Dreads to speak lest she say something wrong, and yet has a great desire to talk; shooting pain in the right side of the head.

(W.)

Sudden depression of spirits; loss of vigor; could sit down and cry; impatient with herself and wants to tear about; feels

hurried, could walk or run aimlessly for an indefinite period; desire for fine things of all kinds with dissatisfaction with what she

has and is envious of others. (W.)

While listening to a lecture, feelings of irritation in the region of the uterus suddenly seized her; with a desire to hit the lecturer and strike; later in the evening felt disposed to curse and swear, damn the fire, and things generally; then to think and speak of obscene things; as these mental states came, the uterine irritation abated. (W.)

Languid and forgetful. (W.)

Felt cross and impatient with everything and everybody. (W.)

The will has not its usual control over the muscular system; felt hurried—must walk to and fro continually; could not get interested by thinking or reading; wants somebody to be with her and talk to her; felt that she should die, and did not care if she did; wondered who would take care of her body if she did die. (W.)

Inability to apply the mind steadily, and to think clearly; with inability to recall facts perfectly familiar to her, [towards evening of the 2d day] (Mrs. J. F.,) great depression; with continued inability to apply the mind; nervousness; disposition to weep; severe pain in the back, and headache [towards evening of

the 3d day.] (Mrs. J. F.)

Entirely incapacitated for mental labor; with aversion to speaking or being spoken to; wants to be left alone; don't want to think; sees many things to be done, but can't force herself to do them; everything seems unreal; eyes look wild; have an insane look. (Mrs. Dr. L. B. C.)

Male.—Irritable in the evening, with disagreeable dreams at

night, and unrefreshing sleep. (Dr. L.)

Irritable, depressed in body and mind, and unfit to work. (Dr. L.)

Not so irritable, but wants to be let alone; don't want the

trouble to answer questions. (Dr. L.)

Taciturn and reticent during the day, with a burning, pressing headache which came on between five and six o'clock, P. M., affecting mostly the right side of the forehead, increasing in severity as the evening advanced, though it did not reach its former severity; great drowsiness. (Dr. L.)

Obtuseness of intellect; with inability to find the right words with which to express his thoughts; forgets what he is about to say; vertigo, especially when walking; a feeling as if intoxicated; staggering forward. (Dr. L.)

Ideas not clear; with great difficulty in concentrating the thoughts, nevertheless the thoughts come more readily by an effort of the will, and by continued speaking. (Dr. L.)

Great fearfulness and apprehension that he was suffering from

disease of the heart.  $(Dr. \bar{L}.)$ 

Disinclination to work, either mental or bodily. (Dr. L.)

Makes mistakes when speaking, using wrong words; with fullness and heaviness in the forehead, especially the left side; dim sight, and weakness of the lower limbs as it unable to support the body. (Dr. L.)

In half waking dreams, occurrences which took place in quick succession seemed to be at very long intervals; for example, when his son got up to urinate, the intervals between getting up, urinating, and going to bed again seemed very long. (Dr. L.)

Low spirited, can hardly keep from crying. (T.)

Great apprehensiveness as if some fearful calamity were impending, or that an incurable disease had already fastened itself

upon him. (T.)

Great apprehensiveness of the prover that he had mistaken the nature of his heart symptoms, and that instead of medicinal symptoms, he was suffering from organic disease of the heart. (Dr. L.)

#### HEAD.

Intense blinding headache in the forehead, commencing between 5 and 6 o'clock p. m., continued two hours, then changed to the back part of the head and extended down the neck, leaving a strange muddled feeling about the head; with general weakness and desire to lie down. (F.)

Dull pain in the head through the night, ameliorated in the morning at about 8 o'clock, but returned again at 6 o'clock p. m.,

and continued through the night. (F.)

Headache which had been moderate through the night, increased at 5 o'clock in the morning and continued till 9 o'clock, leaving a dull, heavy feeling in the head. (F.)

Severe, hot, prostrating pain in the forehead, coming on between 6 and 8 o'clock p. m.; with great heat of the extremities, and pulsation over the whole body, continuing till morning, when the palms and soles become moist. (F.)

Burning headache through the sinciput, continuing into the

night. (F.)

Head clearer in the morning. (F.)

Dull headache early in the morning. (F.)

Heavy feeling in the head; with morning diarrhoea, griping in the bowels, nausea, and abundant saliva. (F.)

Pressing pain and heat in the forehead, continuing for several

hours. (F.)

Shooting pains in the right temple, at 7 o'clock p. m., passing over to the left; with a dull, heavy sensation in the whole front part of the head; great dimness of sight; intense pain in both eyes, extending into the head; pressing pains in the right arm and wrist; cramp in the; fingers cramp-like pain in the left mamma and shoulder; dull pain in the back of the neck and feeling of constriction, continuing through the night. (F.)

Drawing, hot pain through the head and eyes, relieved by

frequent sneezing, at 10 o'clock, p. m. [See reproductive organs.]  $(F_{\cdot})$ 

Sore pain in the forehead and eyes; a sensation as if the part

had been beaten. (F.)

Confused feeling in the head, with little pain. (B.)

Heavy feeling in the head. (B.)

Slight continuous pain in the forehead, particularly over the left eye. (B.)

Severe pain in the forenead, over the eyes, for more than an

hour, then gradually abating. (G.)

A feeling in the head as if he had taken a severe cold, with stoppage of the nostrils. (G.)

Dull pain in the forehead over the eyes, commencing at noon,

and continuing about two hours. (G.)

Dullness of the right side of the head, increasing to a sensation of pressure, inclining the head over to the left side. (Dr. G.)

Wild feeling in the head as though she would be crazy, [see mind and disposition] better on rising on the morning of the eighth day. (W.)

Head grows wild after keeping quiet for awhile [10th day].

(W.)

Pressure and crazy feeling in the head, can't write her symptoms. (W.)

Grumbling pain in the right side of the head, extending to the teeth of the same side. (W.)

Headache in the occiput, and over the eyes. (W.)

Pain in the occiput [27th day] a returning symptom in the course of the proving. (W.)

Absence of feeling in the head, when the menses cease to flow.

(W.)

Pain in the left side of the head, temple, parietal and malar bones when sitting idle, were all relieved by motion and occupa-

tion. (W.)

Pain all over the head, with a heavy sensation as if too full of blood; congested feeling as if blood would issue when blowing the nose; must support the head with the hands; worse when walking in the open air; better at sunset. (S. A. F.)

Dull frontal headache all day, [1st day.]

Dull headache beginning in the forehead, and extended all

through the head, worse on the left side, [2d day.]

Same kind of headache, mostly confined to the forehead, [3d day.] Fourth day the same; with stupid feeling, and nausea, coming and going suddenly. Fifth day the same; with yawning and stretching; severe chills towards evening:—with severe constrictive pain in the heart, extending through to the left shoulder blade; heart feels as if squeezed in a vice, and shakes with the cold though the weather is mild; inability to stand up and walk straight; nausea, better in a warm room.

Pain in the temples increased by pressure. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Fullness in the head, with pressure from within outward, as though the contents would be forced through every aperture—the eyes, ears, nose, continuing for several days. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Headache:—with pain in the back; very nervous; inability to

Headache:—with pain in the back; very nervous; inability to apply the mind; depression of spirits, and disposition to weep,

worse in the afternoon. (Mrs. J. F.)

Peculiar pressive headache, with tremulousness and increased

flow of urine. (Mrs. J. F.)

Dull, heavy feeling in the head, as though her head would weigh too much; eyerything seemed unreal; sees many things to be done, but can't force herself to do them; wants to sit quietly in a chair without speaking or being spoken to; don't want to think; eyes have an insane look, her husband fears she will be insane. [Had such feelings once before after protracted mental and bodily exertion.] (Mrs. Dr. L. B. C.)

Pressing sensation of fullness in the temporal region, with a

Pressing sensation of fullness in the temporal region, with a bursting sensation—a feeling as if the contents of the skull would issue through the ears, and surrounding parts, relieved by pressure

with the hands. (Mrs. Dr. L. B. C.)

Head feels full, especially over the eyes. (Dr. L.)

Dull pressive aching, extending from the left temple over the ear to the occiput, coming in paroxysms. (Dr. L.)

Steady, dull, frontal headache, worse over the left eye. (Dr. L.)

Outward pressure in the whole forehead;—with reeling and staggering, and inclination to fall forward when walking; cold chills over the face, with heat and congested sensation in the chest; disagreeable dreams, and unrefreshing sleep. (Dr. L.)

Great heat in the forehead; with burning, pressive pains, especially over the left eye; with itching in the right temple: grumbling belly ache, though there is but little inclination to stool. (Dr. L.)

Dull pain in the left temple, extending thence to the forehead: with vertigo when walking, and a feeling of intoxication; staggering forward; face and forehead flushed and hot, and pricking sensation in the skin of the forehead. (Dr. L.)

Headache in the evening:—with lachrymation; sensation as if a rubber band were stretched from temple to temple, and pricking sensation in the forehead. ( $Dr.\ L.$ )

Dullness of the head, a kind of dizziness apparently more in

the eyes; better in the open air. (Dr. L.)

Frontal, stinging, burning headache; with a sensation as if a rubber band were stretched over the head, the head feeling so muddled that he could not lecture, could not concentrate his thoughts, but self possession was regained as he went on. (Dr. L)

Headache, worse in the open air. (Dr. L.)

Pressive pain at the angle between the forehead and left temple, digging down into the orbit, causing the prover to scowl and wink, the pains spread thence over the whole left hemisphere of the brain. (Dr. L.)

Dull frontal headache, worse on the left side: with lachrymation of the left eye, increasing in the evening. (Dr. L.)

Headache every evening. (Dr. L.)
Headache in the morning on waking, which gradually increased, when at noon it became very severe, passing from the forehead and temple to the protuberances of the occiput, dull, pressive and heavy, continuing through the afternoon, evening and night, with irritability of temper. (Dr. L.)

Screwing pain in the left protuberance of the occiput.

Drawing pain at the left of the nucha, which increased and became burning as from applied electricity, after going to bed; the whole neck felt lame and tired. (Dr. L.)

Dull headache; the pain moved continually from the sinciput to the occiput of the left side, but seemed at last to concentrate in the left temple, with frequent urination. (Dr. L.)

Momentary twitches throughout the day. (Dr, L)

Dull pain in the left temple in the morning before rising, though the sleep was good; the pain changed to the right temple, then alternated between the two, worse toward evening, with stitches in the right hip joint coming and going throughout the day, and continued chilliness. (Dr. L.)

Continuous headache; with oppression of the chest which was

temporarily relieved by singing. (Dr. L.)

Headaches gradually diminish, though they maintain usual character of evening aggravation; at the end of 10 days only slight tenderness of the left side of the head, forehead and temple remained. (Dr. L.)

Heat with full and bloated feeling of the head and face.

Heavy, confused and crazy feeling in the head. (T.)

Sensation as if a fluid were rushing through the head from

right to left. (T.)

Suspended the recurrence of sick headaches to which the prover had been accustomed] during the whole course of the proving, and for some time longer. (Dr. L.)

\*Headache cured. (G.)

Scalp.—Fine rash-like eruption about the forehead, and around the border of the hair, with much itching. (F.)

Itching in the right temple.

Eyes.—Sore pain in the eyes and forehead, and a feeling as

if the parts had been beaten. (F.)

Intense pain in both eyes, extending backward into the head; with great dimness of sight; shooting pains in the right temple, passing over to the left; crampy pain in the left mamma and fingers of left hand, and pressing pain in the right arm and wrist, commencing at 7 o'clock p.m., and continuing through the night. (F.)

Pain over the eyes, continuing for about two hours. (Y)Sharp pain at 6 o'clock p. m., over the left eye, abating after half an hour, but continuing through the evening, and disappear-

ing after sleeping. (Y.)

Dull pain over the eyes, at 2 o'clock p.m., continuing about two hours: with dull pain in the small of the back, and sacrum all the afternoon and evening; no desire for food; special dislike to bread; depression of spirits, and continued disposition to weep; pressing in the rectum and anus; chills in the back particularly after going to bed at night, and hot flushes towards morning. (Y.)

Dull pain in the forehead, over the eyes, commencing at noon, and continuing about two hours, with pain in the back, and nausea; no appetite; depression of spirits, and disposition to

weep. (Y.)

Outer canthus of the right eye much inflamed, extending to the inner canthus, and agglutination of the lids; 14 days later the inner canthus continues to feel raw, aggravated by cold, damp, air. (Mrs. Dr. S. A. F.)

Right eye very sensitive to gaslight, with intolerable burning pain, subsequently extending to the left eye, and continuing for

several days. (Mrs. Dr. S. A. F.)

Severe pressure in the right eye, continuing two hours. (Mrs. Dr. C. LéB.)

Eyes very painful, smarting, must close them often; light painful, darkness pleasant. (Mrs. Dr. C. LéB.)

Eyes feel very sore. (Mrs Dr. C. LéB.)

Eyes look wild, have an insane expression: everything seems unreal; entirely incapacitated for mental labor; don't want to speak, or be spoken to, or compelled to think; sees many things to be done, but can't force herself to do them. (Mrs. Dr. C. LéB.)

Eyes full of water: with obtuseness of the head; can't find the right words to express his ideas; forgets what he wants to say; face flushed and hot, and pricking sensation in the skin of the forehead. (Dr. L.)

Pains digging down deep from the left temple into the orbit,

causing the prover to wink. (Dr. L.)

Eyes heavy, and eyesight dim the whole day after an unrefreshing night's sleep: with fullness and heaviness in the forehead, especially the right side; inability to concentrate the mind, makes mistakes in speaking, using wrong words; great weakness of the legs, as if they would not support the body. (Dr. L.)

Burning in the eyes, after reading or writing, and feeling of

great general weakness. (Dr. L.)

Pain in the eyes, constant, very troublesome. (T.)

Pain over the eyes. (T.)

Sight.—Blur before the eyes after a night made restless by lascivious dreams and seminal emissions towards morning, attended by difficulty in keeping the mind fixed upon the subject under consideration, selecting wrong words with which to express his ideas. (Dr. L.)

Blurred vision, cannot see objects distinctly: with loss of ap-

petite; aversion to coffee; nausea when thinking about it; frequent desire to pass urine, but in small quantities, faint in a warm room, and when standing, with cold perspiration on the back of the hands and feet; tearfulness and apprehension of some impending evil. (Y.)

Dimness of sight: with intense pain in both eyes, extending into the head; shooting pain in the right temple, passing over to the left; crampy pains in the left mamma and fingers, and pressing pain in the right arm and wrist, beginning at 7 o'clock p. m.,

and continuing through the night. (F.)

Muscæ volitantes at various times. (Mrs. Dr. S. A. F.)

Great dimness of sight; eyes feel very sore. (Mrs. Dr. C.

 $L\acute{e}B.)$ 

Eyesight, which was always weak, hypermetropic wearing  $\frac{1}{14}$  glasses, is now much worse; this aggravation continued for more than four weeks, when the eyes had returned to their natural condition with this improvement: whereas formerly she had a habit of turning the head towards the left when reading, in order to see the whole of a letter, for example, s p d & f fu, when looking straight forward could see only the straight part of the letter and not the curve; now can see the whole letter distinctly without looking sideways. (Mrs. Dr. C. LéB.)

#### EARS.

Rushing sound in both ears. (B.)

### NOSE.

Frequent sneezing at 10 o'clock p.m., relieving a severe, burn-

ing headache, and pain in the eyes. (F.)

Sensation as if blood would issue from the nose when blowing it; with feeling of fullness and heaviness of the head. (Mrs. Dr. S. A. F.)

Constant desire to pick the nose. (T.)
Right nostril dry and closed up. (T. and Y.)
Feeling as of a severe cold in the head. (Y.)

#### FACE.

Pain in the right side of the face, apparently in the cheek [malar?] bone; with stoppage of the right nostril, and feeling in the head as if she had taken cold. (Y.)

Heat and fullness of the face and head. (Dr. S.)

The left cheek bright red and hot in the morning on awakening. (Y.)

Chills moving over the face, chillier all over than in cold weather: with dull, pressive frontal headache, outward pressure;

broken sleep and disagreeable dreams. (Dr. L.)

Chilly feeling of the face in the forenoon, followed in the afternoon by fever: with congestion of the chest, slight momentary spasmodic twitchings around the heart; dull pain in the left tem-

ple, extending thence to the forehead; vertigo when walking, and a feeling as if intoxicated; face and forehead flushed and hot, and pricking sensation in the forehead. (Dr. L.)

Frequently recurring chilliness from the face downward; with constriction of the chest as if too narrow, and could be relieved

only by letting out the blood. (Dr. L.)
Chills in the face. (Dr. L.)

Heat, with full and bloated feeling of the face and head. (7.)

### JAWS AND TEETH.

Grumbling pain in hollow teeth. (F.)

Dull pain in the jaw of right side; with sensation as if the

teeth were elongated. (F.)

Grumbling pain in the teeth of the right jaw, with pain in the right side of the head. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Coated feeling in the mouth and fauces. (B.)

Hawking mucus from the throat, with constant disposition to vomit. (Dr. S.)

#### TASTE AND APPETITE.

Taste.—Taste of blood in the mouth: with severe congestion of the chest; weak beating of the heart; severe one-sided headache; dizziness; blur before the eyes; faint feeling, with fear of salling, aggravated in a close, hot room, ameliorated when fresh air strikes the uncovered head and face, and by walking, though the cool air produces chilliness; symptoms gradually increasing, then gradually decreasing. (Dr. L.)

Appetite.—Very little appetite, and soon satisfied. (F.) She ate as much as usual, but without appetite. (Mrs. Dr. N.

No appetite. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Can't eat, feels hurried and like walking fast. (Mrs. Dr. N.

Loss of appetite: after a restless night in consequence of lascivious dreams and seminal emissions which occurred towards morning. (Dr. L.)

The usual cigar is nauseous, and produces water brash. (Dr.

Great appetite. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Great craving for meat, and the more pronounced the symp-

toms, the greater the desire. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Voracious hunger, seemingly in the back, extending along the vertebral column, and up to the occiput, not appeared by eating. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Loss of appetite, with nausea after eating. (T.)

Great aversion to coffee [a favorite beverage,] and nausea when

thinking about it, continuing three or four weeks after the last

dose of the drug. (Y.)

Loss of appetite, and aversion to bread particularly, continuing for three weeks after the last dose of the drug, with depression of spirits; disposition to weep; pressing in the rectum and anus [from prolapsus uteri?] cold chills in the back, particularly after going to bed, with hot flushes towards morning. (Y.)

Anorexia. (Y.)

Loss of appetite cured. (D.)

Thirst.—Great thirst, drinking often and much. (Mrs. Dr.

N. W.)

Great thirst: with despondency and dullness of intellect, always recurring just preceding the development of the severe symptoms of the drug.

#### GASTRIC SYMPTOMS.

Eructations.—Eructations from the stomach immediately on taking the drug. (Dr. S.)

Eructations with heavy, dull feeling in the stomach. (Mrs.

Dr. C. L. B.

Frequent eructations with great distention of the stomach, and escape of flatus from the anus [constant during the proving.] (Dr. S.)

Nausea; slight nausea. (Dr. S.)

Nausea, with great desire to vomit, but unable to do so. (Dr. S.)

Constant nausea, with the sensation as of a lump in the stomach, which moved down at every attempt to swallow, but immediately returned. (Y.)

Nausea when thinking of coffee, a favorite beverage. (Y.)

Nausea, with pain in the back; aversion to food; depression of spirits; and disposition to weep. (Y.)

Constant desire to vomit, and hawking of mucus from the

throat. (Dr. L.)

Nausea: with morning diarrhæa, griping in the bowels, abun-

dant saliva, and heavy feeling in the head. (F.)

Sweetish nausea, no desire to vomit: with feeling of fullness of the abdomen after eating very little; eating does not increase the nausea; nausea and full feeling in the abdomen subside after discontinuing medicine two days. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Constant nausea: with pressure in the vagina, and pain at

the top of the sacrum. (Mrs. Dr. LéB.)

#### STO MACH.

Fullness and disturbed feeling of the stomach after eating, with upward pressure. (F.)

Great distention of the stomach, with frequent eructations,

and escape of flatus from the anus. (Dr. L.)

Uncomfortable feeling in the stomach and bowels; drawing in the right inguinal region; great weight and bearing-down in

the lower part of the bowels; short and oppressive breathing, and frequent stitches in the left mamma, aggravated after 2 o'clock,

Hollow, empty sensation in the stomach and bowels. (F.) Great distention of the stomach and abdomen, with flatulent movements, relieved by passing wind up and down. (T.)

#### ABDOMEN.

Bloated feeling of the bowels after a meal, continuing after a diarrhæic discharge. (F.)

Flatulent movements in, and bloated sensation of the bowels

after every morning's diarrhæic stool. (F.)

Burning heat extending from the anus upwards into the bowels after every loose evacuation, in the morning, continuing for several hours. (F.)

Griping pain in the abdomen, commencing at 3 to 5 o'clock, P. M., increasing till late in the evening, and ending with a free bilious evacuation, which evacuation was followed by smarting at the anus and up the rectum. (F.)

Griping pain in the abdomen after each morning diarrhæic discharge: with nausea, abundant saliva and heavy feeling in the

Grasping pain in the left side of the abdomen, near the left inguinal region: with pain in the right hip extending down the thigh, continuing throughout the day. (F.)

Full and disturbed feeling in the abdomen most of the time,

with great weakness and trembling. (F.)

Great distention of the abdomen and stomach, with flatulent movement, relieved by passing wind up and down. (F.)

Heavy, dull feeling in the left side of the abdomen. (F.)

Pressure downward in the lower part of the abdomen, almost constant, with pressure in the rectum, and desire to go to stool.

Rumbling in the left side of the abdomen with loose stool in

the morning. (F.)

Sharp, cutting pain across the lower part of the abdomen, seemingly proceeding from the left ovary. (F.)

Weak, tremulous sensation of the bowels, extending to the

anus, continuing through the night. (F.)

Sharp pain in the right side of the abdomen, between the short ribs and hip, running towards the centre of the bowels.

Intensely sharp pain in the right side, between the hip and

false ribs, extending forward to the umbilicus. (B.)

Sensation in the abdomen as if diarrhæa would come on, sometimes several times a day, passing off by urinating only. (F.)

Dragging-down sensation of the whole abdominal contents, extending to the organs of the chest, feeling greatly the need of support. (F.)

Distention of the abdomen, with full feeling of the chest every forenoon. (F.) Empty feeling of the abdomen and stomach. (F.)

Painful drawing about the left inguinal region, extending to the pubis. (F.)

Much flatulent movement in the bowels.

Skin of the abdomen feels as if stretched and stiff, with a simi-

lar feeling in the upper part of the breast. (W.)

Bloated feeling of the abdomer in the region of the uterus, extending to the hips:—with nausea and darting pains in different parts of the head, [the 7th day after repeating the medicine.]

Tearing pain in the lower part of the abdomen, in the ovarian

regions, extending downward. (W.)

Severe cutting pain in the bowels, beginning at 8 o'clock in the evening; extremities cold and clammy; sudden chills, not followed by fever, but with fullness of the head. The pain was relieved by Nux vom. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Pain in the right iliac region, with wild feeling in the head;

worse by quiet, better by motion. (Mrs. Dr. W.)

Depressing weight over the pubic region, with aching pain in the knees, felt after eating supper. [10th day.] (Mrs. Dr.

Sensation as if the bowels were greatly bloated, but they are

not so. (Mrs. Dr. W.)

Pulling downward and backward from the anterior superior spinous processes of the ilium in both sides. (Mrs. Dr. W.)

Feeling of great distention and soreness of the abdomen, after

the menses cease to flow. (Mrs. Dr. W.)

Bloated feeling of the abdomen, which the prover thinks is the result of the development of the uterus and appendages. (Mrs. Dr. W.) [See reproductive organs.]

Constant burning pain across the lower part of the abdomen

from groin to groin. (Mrs. Dr. W.)

Abdominal muscles unbearably sore just previous to stool, she can hardly keep from screaming, yet during stool the soreness seems less. (Mrs. Dr. W.)

Trembling of the abdomen, lower part of the back and

knees. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Burning pain across the abdomen, and in both ovaries, with diarrhœa; four loose [but not watery] dark brown stools, very urgent, can't wait a minute. Sharp, lancinating pains, extendinff from the left hypochondrium to the crest of the ilium. (F.)

Grumbling belly ache, [Iris versicolor,] with but slight in-

clination to stool. (Dr. L.)

Bubbling sensation in the right hypochondrium. (Dr. S.)

Trembling sensation in the abdomen. (Miss Y.)

Weakness and trembling in the bones. (Miss Y.)

Bowels very uncomfortable. (Dr. S.)

Bowels feel as if swollen. (Miss Y.)

Abdomen tender to pressure. (Dr. S.)
Slight pain in the bowels with rumbling, mostly on the right

Moving of flatus in the bowels, and feeling of fullness. (Dr.

Much trembling in the bowels. (Dr. S.)

Rumbling in the lower part of the bowels, more on the right

Colicky feeling, rendering full breath impossible. (Dr. S.)

Heat and pressure in the hypogastrium. (Dr. S.)

Slight pain in the abdomen after stool. (Dr. S.)

Intermittent, sharp pain across the lower bowels. (B.)

Pressure downward and backward against the rectum and anus, aggravated by standing; relieved by walking in the open air or riding. (Miss Y.)

Downward pressure in the lower bowels, worse when stand-

ing. (Miss Y.)

#### STOOLS.

Loose, bilious stools, followed by smarting at the anus and up

the rectum [constant throughout the proving.] (F.)

Every morning immediately after rising, diarrhæic discharges from the bowels, with an acrid sensation in the anus and rectum, as if a hot spray were thrown upon the parts, and the same acrid, smarting sensation in the urethra after every passage of urine—

Dark colored and very offensive stools in the morning on rising, followed by smarting and burning sensation extending from the anus high up into the abdomen, continuing for several

hours. (F.)

After stool, bloated sensation in the bowels, and flatulent

distension. (F.)

Morning diarrhæa followed by a acid smarting sensation at the anus, and attended with great weakness and trembling. (F.)

The bloated feeling of the abdomen, and soreness to touch, re-

lieved by a loose evacuation. (F.)

Morning diarrhæa continues, but with less smarting at the anus after stool. (F.)

Smarting at the anus after morning diarrhœa, which had

abated, returns. (F.)

Morning diarrhæa with griping in the bowels and rasping sensation at the anus, and up the rectum after every evacuation; nausea and abundant flow of saliva. (F.)

Small, loose stools in the morning, with painful desire, smarting at the anus, and uncomfortable sensation in the bowels. (F)

Morning diarrhæa, with cramp in the legs and feet after the

discharge, with yawning and stretching all over. (F.)

The morning diarrhæa, followed by smarting at the anus and up the rectum, together with the urinary tenderness and smarting, continued to recur more than six weeks after the last dose of the

drug. (F.)

Several loose stools a day, alternately loose and solid, with constant inclination as from something pressing on the anterior wall of the rectum, two or three inches above the anus. The bowels are naturally regular. (W.)

Great desire for stool at 10 o'clock A. M., with constant pres-

sure in the rectum. (W.)

During the day time a stool every half hour, lumpy, small and diarrhœic with escape of flatus; constant tenesmus and a feeling as though she could sit on the stool for ever, and burning in the urethra. (W.)

Continued diarrhæa.

Abdominal muscles unbearably sore just before stool, but less

so during stool. (W.)

Four loose, dark brown stools in the morning, very urgent, can't wait a minute, with burning pain across the abdomen and in both ovaries. (W.)

Urgent desire to go to stool; cannot wait. (Y.)

Tenesmus, and great desire to go to stool, but every effort resulted in the voiding of a little urine only. (Y.)

A sensation as if diarrhæa were coming on, nevertheless it did

not. (Dr. S.)

Violent emission of flatus. (Dr. L.)

Escape of flatus with great distension of the stomach, and frequent eructations. (Dr. S.)

Stools dark and hard. (Dr. S.)

#### ANUS AND RECTUM.

Smarting, acrid sensation at the anus and in the rectum after every loose, bilious discharge, which occurred every morning [constant throughout the proving.] (F.)

Tremulous and weak feeling at the anus, and through the

bowels, at night. (F.)

Rasping sensation at the anus and up the rectum after ever diarrhæic discharge. (F.)

Smarting at the anus after every small loose stool in the morn-

ing, with painful desire. (F.)

Constant tenesmus—felt as though she could sit on the stool

forever, with burning sensation in the urethra. (W.)

Pressure in the rectum, with almost irresistable desire to go to stool; constant sensation in the abdomen as if diarrhea would come on, continuing for several days, but relieved for a short time by passing a small quantity of urine. (F.)

Severe pressure in the rectum and at the anus. (Y). Tenesmus and great desire to go to stool. (Dr. S)

Pressing down at the anus, not much relieved by lying down.

(Y.)

Heat in the anus and rectum after stool. (Dr. S.)

#### URINARY ORGANS.

Frequent inclination to void urine, with scanty discharge, followed by smarting in the urethra—[constant.] (F.)

Frequent desire to urinate in the latter part of the night and early morning, with acrid, smarting sensation after every discharge, [the acrid, smarting sensation always occurs after, and not during the flow.] (F.)

Urine milky in appearance when first discharged, but, on cool-

ing, deposits a thick, reddish sediment. (F.)

Urine scanty, milky, thick and roiled in appearance when cool, with frequent desire to pass it, and every passage followed by smarting and burning in the urethra. (F.)

Urine more copious and clear, but the same smarting in the urethra follows every discharge.  $(F_{\cdot})$ 

Urine diminished in quantity, but frequent, though there is

less of the smarting after voiding it. (F.)

The smarting after passing urine returns, the odor is strong, but the urine is clear. (F.)

The urinary tenesmus, and smarting after every passage, together with the morning diarrhoa, and acrid smarting at the anus and up the rectum continues to recur for more than  $\sin x$  weeks after the last dose of the drug was taken. (F.)

Burning in the urethra with constant tenesmus. (W.)

For several days continuous pressure in the region of the bladder; constant desire to urinate, with but scanty discharge; smarting in the urethra, and tenesmus. (W.)

A feeling of irritation in the bladder, with inclination to urinate; but can control the desire by an effort of the will. (W.)

Urine increased and dark colored. (W.)

Pressure on the bladder and rectum [see moral symptoms.] (W.)

Burning hot urine, flowing more like boiling oil than like

water. (Dr. L.)

Frequent desire to urinate through the day:—with smarting in the urethra; if the desire is not immediately attended to, a feeling of congestion of the chest ensues [male.] (*Dr. L.*)

Frequent urination through the day; with dull headache, which continually moves from the sinciput to the occiput, and finally concentrates in the left temple. (Dr. L.)

Frequent but scanty urination. (F.)

Passing urine relieves a sensation in the bowels, as if diarrhea were coming on. (F)

Micturition scanty and frequent. (Y.)

Copious flow of urine. (B.)

Urine copious the second day after each dose. (Dr. G.)

Urine high colored. (Dr. G.)

Urine remarkably clear and white. (B.)

#### REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS.

#### (Female.)

Vagina:—Itching and smarting of the labia, with great uneasi-

ness of the parts. (F.)

Smarting and feeling of irritation of the labia, with great heat as though the parts were inflamed, and sharp, incisive pains extending upward into the vagina. (F)

Great tenderness to touch of the whole sexual organs. (F.) Pressure and weight low down in the vagina. (S. A. F.)

Pressure in the vagina, and pain at the top of the sacrum extending to the hips; worse on going to bed, preventing sleep; with wild feeling in the head as though she would be crazy, and haunted with the thought, that should she lose her reason, there would be no one to take care of her; dreaming when asleep; constant nausea; better on rising. (W.)

Rash like eruption upon, and swelling of the labia, produced apparently by an acrid, excoriating leucorrhæa flowing over the

parts. (W.)

A discharge of bright red blood from the vagina, [for the first time in two years] with dull, heavy pain, and great weakness in the small of the back and loins, continuing without interruption the four following days. (Y.)

Uterus.—Pain in the sacrum, with a sensation of weight and downward pressure in the lower part of the abdomen [pelvis] which continued for six days, very severe; worse when standing

(Y.)

Bearing-down in the lower part of the abdomen for more than twenty days;—with constant nausea; a sensation as of a lump in the centre of the chest which moved downward by empty swallowing, but immediately returned; severe pressure in the rectum and at the anus, and a constant desire to go to stool, but with every effort to evacuate the bowels, a little urine only was discharged; sensation as if a hard body were pressing backward and downward against the rectum and anus, [in 3 provers] standing aggravated and increased the desire to go to stool; somewhat relieved by walking in the open air, and riding; bowels distended; trembling sensation in the abdomen with chilliness; cold feet and hands; urgent desire to go to stool, cannot wait; when at stool, severe downward pressure of the bowels, and at the anus, with a feeling as if diarrhæa would ensue, but no fecal evacuation, only urine; loss of appetite; aversion to coffee and bread, nausea when thinking of them; frequent passing of urine in small quantities; faint in a warm room, and when standing, with cold perspiration on the back of the hands, and tops of the feet: blurred vision; depression of spirits; constant inclination to weep, with great dread of impending evil, and apprehension that she had already upon her a terrible and incurable disease, [very marked in nearly all the provers.] An examination per vaginam

found the uterus low down, the fundus tilted forward, and the os uteri pressing hard upon the rectum, allowing but a difficult passage of the index finger between the os and the rectum. Under the use of *Helonias dioica*, the uterus returned to its natural position in a few days. (Y.)

Great weight and pressure in the region of the uterus, with downward pressure as though the whole contents of the abdomen

would press out through the vagina. (F.)

Bearing down when standing: with shooting pains in the left ovary, the bearing-down is relieved by sitting down, and by pressing upward with the hand hard against the vulva. (F.)

Great bearing-down in the uterine region: with a sensation when on the feet as though the whole pelvic contents would issue from the vagina if not prevented by hard pressure with the hand against the vulva, which there was a constant and uncontrollable inclination to do. (F.)

Severe dragging-down sensation in the whole sexual organs, with a feeling as though the whole internal parts were being pulled downward from the breasts and umbilical regions, through the vagina, and an uncontrollable desire to press the hands against the vulva to prevent the parts from escaping, with irritability of temper, anxiety, and dread of impending evil [constant throughout the proving.] (F.)

A swollen sensation in the whole of the pelvic organs. (F.)

Great weight and pressure in the uterine and left ovarian regions, which continued to recur at intervals for a long time after the last dose of the drug was taken. (F.)

Bloated feeling in the region of the uterus; with full feeling in the abdomen, and darting pains in the head, very soon after re-

peating the drug. (W.)

Bearing-down in the pelvis as though everything would come into the world through the vagina; with the feeling as if the whole pelvic contents were being dragged downward from the stomach, and even the chest and shoulders, increased by standing, walking, and riding; very distressing at night, not relieved by lying down, nor by change of position; an involuntary disposition to place the hand upon the hypogastrium and press upward to relieve the dragging-down sensation; a forcible inspiration seemed also to relieve the pelvic pressure by expanding the thorax; aching and pressure across the lumbo-sacral region; constant pressure upon the rectum as if she must hurry to stool,—this sensation of pressure is as if some hard body were pushing against the anterior wall of the rectum, two or three inches above the anus, as well as at the anus; several stools a day alternately loose and solid [very unusual]; opposite and contradictory mental states alternating. (W.)

Aching in the pelvis, apparently around and not in the uterus, with a sensation as if the uterus and appendages were swollen.

(W.)

Dragging-out feeling in the pelvis as though the whole contents were being dragged downward into a funnel, the outlet of which corresponded with the vagina [Helonias 200—greatly relieved this sensation, though there was still constant apprehension that the bearing-down in the vagina would return. (W.)

After three days intermission the bearing-down did return, everything seemed to be pressing out through the vagina, and after four days continuance this bearing-down changed into intermittent labor-like pains in the lower part of the back, attended and followed by a thin, acrid leucorrhæa, which left a brown stain upon the linen; she mistook the discharge for returned menstruation which had ceased but a week previous; all the symptoms worse in the afternoon and evening till midnight, then better till the next afternoon, when all the symptoms of the previous day returned, leucorrhæa more excoriating, producing a rash-like eruption and swelling of the labia. The pelvic pains resemble those of an imminent miscarriage, preventing sleep. (W.)

Bearing down pains aggravated by walking. (S. A. F.)

Bearing down pains as if menstruation were coming on, with constant pain low down in the back bone, between the hips. (T.)

Severe neuralgic pains in the uterus, could not bear to be touched, moved, nor even the weight of the bed-clothes; the slightest jar of the bed was torture. This condition continued an hour and a half, and snddenly passed off without leaving any lameness of the parts. On examination, the uterus was found to be in an anteverted position. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

[Anteversion of the uterus was found to be present in three provers; and resting a diagnois upon well proved subjective symptoms, there can be but little doubt that this condition of the uterus existed in a fourth case, though, owing to extreme sensitiveness of

the prover, it was not verified by touch.

Leucorrhæa.—Thin, acrid leucorrhæa, which from leaving a brown stain upon the linen was mistaken for a return of menstruation, though the menses had ceased but a week before; the leucorrhæal discharge attended and followed severe bearing down pains in the uterine region; the bearing down pains, four days later, culminated in severe labor-like pains assimilating those of an imminent miscarriage, worse in the afternoon till midnight, then better till the next afternoon, when all the symptoms of the previous day returned—the leucorrhæa becoming more acrid and excoriating, producing a rash-like eruption, and swelling of the labia. (W.)

Bright yellow leucorrhea excoriating the the whole perineum: with scanty menstruation, not one fourth part as much as usual.

(Mrs. Dr. B.)

Profuse acrid leucorrhæa following immediately the cessation

of the menstrual flow. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

[This prover reported herself better in health after the effects of the drug had passed away than she had been for two years.]

Ovaries.—Dull, drawing pain in the left ovarian region, re-

lieved by gentle pressure on the part with the hand. (F.)

Sharp pain in the left ovarian region:—with itching and smarting of the labia; great uneasiness of the parts, and sharp pains extending up the vagina. (F.)

Great tenderness from pressure over the left ovarian region: with darting pains extending to the groin of that side, and the pubes in front, and frequent desire to pass urine, which was small in quantity, and followed by an acrid, smarting sensation in the urethra, continuing for several minutes. (F.)

Stinging and darting pains in the left ovarian region through-

out the day. (F.)

Sharp, cutting pains in the evening and night in the left ovarian region, extending across the lower part of the abdomen to the right; better by gentle rubbing with the warm hand. (F.)

Grasping pains in the left ovarian and inguinal regions, extending to the hip and down the thigh, continuing throughout

the day. (F.)

Continued stinging sensation in the left ovarian region;—with a sensation of fullness and voluptuous itching in the vagina, arms stiff and painful; tight, painful drawing through the forehead and eyes, and hot pain through the whole head, relieved by frequent sneezing, at 10 o'clock, p. m. (F.)

Shooting pains in the left ovary; with bearing down when standing, relieved by sitting down, and by pressing upward with

the hand against the vulva. (F.)

Grasping pains in the left ovarian region, extending across the lower part of the abdomen to the right; very sensitive to hard pressure, but the pain was mitigated by gentle rubbing and moderate pressure. (F)

[The sensation of weight and bearing down in the uterine region, and pains of various kinds in both the left ovary, and left mammary gland, were almost constantly present with this prover, and continued to recur a long time after the last dose of the drug was taken.]

Tearing pains in the ovarian regions of both sides. (W.)

Pains mostly in the right ovary, but some days later it was most severe in the left, extended down the anterior and internal side of the left thigh:—with aggravation by walking, seeming, when one step was made, that another could not be taken; nevertheless a feeling of restlessness compelled her to extend and flex the limb as in walking; this disposition she could not resist, though she knew the effort would be followed by greater pain; the effort, rather than the act of moving the limb, seemed to aggravate the pains. She could not decide which pelvic pain was worse, that in the back or that in the front. (W.)

Tenderness on pressure in the ovarian region, especially in

the right. (W.)

Aching in the left ovary which steadily increased, till, at last,

and the parts ripped down to the groin and anterior part of the thigh; the pains extended to the lumbo-sacral region, and upward to right hypochondrium, somewhat ameliorated by pressure over the ovary; she was obliged to lie down and felt so depressed that she cried herself to sleep. (W.)

Pain in the right ovary with back-ache. (W.)

Burning pain in both ovaries in the morning: with burning higher up in the abdomen, and four loose, dark brown stools before 11 o'clock, A. M. Stools very urgent, could scarcely wait. (77.)

Gnawing pain in the right ovarian region: with a dragging sensation, aggravated by walking, and a sensation as if something were shaking loose in that region whenever the right foot was planted heavily upon the floor or ground as in walking; also gnawing pain in the back, worse in bed, and continuing all night. (Mrs. Dr. L. B. C.)

Catamenia. — Menstruation came on at the usual time, normal in quantity, and continued to flow as long as she kept moving ut, but ceased to flow whenever she ceased walking. (W.)<sub>abo</sub>

Menstruation returned [hemorrhage?] after having been absent two years in the case of a person who had passed her climacteric. (Y.)

Menstruation returned in two weeks, slight in quantity, dark in color, thick, with odor like that of the lochial discharge. (W.)

Two weeks before the regular time, a sensation in the lower part of the abdomen as if menstruation were coming; but it did not appear. (W.)

First month menstruation too early by 5 days; second month delayed 1 day; third month one day too early. (S. A. F.)

Menses delayed four days, then scanty and of short duration. [Very unusual.] Second day, after time to menstruate, at 8 o'clock, P. M., was suddenly seized with severe cutting pain in the bowels, extremities cold and clammy, and attended with chills and fullness of the head, but no fever heat; relieved by *Nux vom.*, and slept through the night, but awoke next morning weak and tremulous, as from a fit of sickness. (*Mrs. Dr. B.*)

Menstruation too scanty, not one fourth part as much as usual, followed by profuse bright yellow leucorrhea, so acrid as to excoriate the perineum. (Mrs. Dr. L. B. C.)

Menstruation was scanty in three provers.

When the menses ceased flowing, there came on a feeling of fullness and soreness around the abdomen, at the same time absence of feeling in the head. (W.)

#### SEXUAL INSTINCT.

Female.—Voluptuous itching in the vagina, with feeling of fullness of the parts; continued stinging sensation in the left ovarian region; arms stiff and painful; tight, painful drawing in the forehead and eyes; hot pain through the whole head, relieved by frequent sneezing at 10 o'clock, P. M. (F.)

Increased sexual desire. (W.)

Sexual desire strong, though formerly not so; can repress it by keeping very busy, but as soon as occupation ceases the desire returns in full force. (W)

Male.-Sexual desire which has been dormant for years roused

into activity. (Dr. L.)

Lascivious dreams with seminal emissions towards morning, followed by weakness and a feeling of irritability, and great difficulty in keeping his mind fixed upon the subject under consideration, frequently selecting wrong words to express his idea. (Dr. L.)

Mamma.—Pain in the left mamma. (F.)

Severe cutting pains in the left mammary gland, extending through to the left shoulder blade, aggravated by lying on the left side [constant throughout the proving.] (F.)

Severe pain and sensation of heaviness in the left mamma; with a sensation as if the heart were grasped; the pain extended backward to the left shoulder blade, and down the side to the

lumbar region. (F.)

Sharp, cutting pains in both mammary glands, extending from the left mamma through to the left shoulder blade, and to the spine; ameliorated by change of position; with hard breathing; frequent desire to make a deep breath; sighing; restless sleep; frightful and laborious dreams, and no sleep after 2 o'clock A. M. (A. M. F.)

Frequent stitching pains in the left mamma: with drawing sensation extending to the shoulder and neck, worse after 2 o'clock P. M.; also short breathing; oppression of the chest, and uncomfortable feeling in the stomach and bowels; drawing in the right inguinal region; hot hands, and great weight, and bearing-down sensation in the lower part of the abdomen. (F.)

Dull pain and constricted sensation in the left mamma and side, with oppressed breathing; worse when lying down. (F.)

Cramp-like pain in the left mamma, shoulder and fingers; with shooting pains in the left temple, passing over to the right; dimness of sight, and intense pain in both eyes extending backward into the head, from 7 o'clock, P. M., till morning. (F.)

Left mammary gland painful, with drawing sensation in the

left armpit and shoulder. (F.)

Pain in the left mammary gland, and around the left shoulder blade continued to recur for a long time after the last dose of the  $Tiger\ lily$  was taken. (F.)

Pubis:—Depressing weight over the pubis, after supper; with

pain in the knees. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Clinical:—In several cases of delayed post-partum recoveries, the Lilium has accomplished all that could be desired. When the uterus is slow in returning to its normal condition; the lochial discharge continues too long, is profuse and excoriating; pain in the back and hips, bearing down and dragging from high up, when in an upright position or at stool, as if the whole pelvic organs would escape through the vagina if not prevented by firm pressure with the hand against the vulva; painful smarting in the urethra after passing urine; constipation with itching, painful hemorrhoids, or morning diarrhea; fears the presence of an internal disease from which she never will recover, and dreads insanity. Lilium tigrinum 30, will effect a prompt change for the better.

#### RESPIRATORY ORGANS.

Larynx and bronchia:—Cough dry and hard—coming in single

coughs. (H.)

Respiration:—Oppressed breathing, with oppression in the lower part of the chest, aggravated about 4 o'clock in the morning. (F)

Oppressed breathing, with a constricted feeling in the lower

third of the chest, worse towards morning. (F.)

Hard breathing:—with frequent desire to make a deep breath; sighing; restless sleep; frightful and laborious dreams; pain in the mammary glands, extending from the left through to the shoulder-blade, relieved by changing position. (F.)

Short breathing. (F.)

Frequent inclination to sigh, short breathing, and pain in the

left manma. (F.)

Short, oppressed breathing:—with uncomfortable feeling in the stomach and bowels; drawing in the right inguinal region; great weight and bearing down in the lower part of the abdomen, stitching pains in the left mamma, and hot hands. [See reproductive organs]. (F.)

Short breathing and contracted feeling in the chest. (F.)

Desire to make a long breath frequently, and sighing which appeared to come from the lower part of the abdomen. (F)

Out of breath when ascending, obliging her to stop; it seemed

as if it proceeded from the heart. (F.)

Oppressive heat and congestive feeling of the chest, a kind of ebullition, worse in the evening, must go into the fresh air for relief; but going into the fresh air increases the headache. (Dr. L.)

Feeling of compression of the chest and great weight—a feeling as if the chest had too much blood in it, producing a choked, suffocated sensation, and might be relieved by letting out the blood; slight relief from sighing. (Dr. L.)

The chest seems to become congested if the desire to urinate

is not attended to immediately. (Dr. L.)

Congested and constricted feeling of the chest, as if too narrow, and might be relieved by letting out the blood, with chills running from the face downwards. (Dr. L.)

Full breath prevented by severe colicky pains. (B.)

Severe congestion of the chest in the afternoon:—with bloody taste in the mouth; weak beating of the heart, severe left side headache; dizziness; faint feeling all over; blur before the eyes, and fear of falling; aggravated in a close, hot room; ameliorated when walking the street and when the fresh air strikes the uncovered head and face, although the cool air produces a feeling of chilliness. (Dr. L.)

Sensation of weight and oppression in the left chest. (T.)Sensation as of a lump under the breast bone, moving down on every empty swallowing, but immediately returning. (T.)

#### CHEST AND HEART.

Chest:—Sharp twinges, followed by a dull, drawing sensation in the left side of the chest, extending upward to the clavicle. (F.)

Dull pain in the left side of the chest, and at the shoulder.

(F.)

Constricted sensation in the left side of the chest, extending across to the right side, with sharp pains running upward to the throat, collar bone, and to the left armpit, and shoulder-blade, ameliorated by changing position, though it continued till after rising in the morning. (F.)

Full feeling of the chest, with distension of the abdomen. (F.) Constricted sensation in the left side of the chest about a

hand's breath below the mamma. (F.)

Hot, congested feeling in the chest; general chilly feeling, and chills especially in the face. (Dr. L.)

Dull pressure under the sternum, towards the middle lobe of the right lung, relieved by sighing and pressure with the hand. (Dr. L.)

Sharp, quick pain in the left chest. (T.)

Irritation in the upper part of the chest and on the arms:—with a fine itching rash-like eruption about the forehead, and around the border of the hair. (F.)

Heart:—30th day after commencing the proving, heart symptoms appeared; sudden flutterring of the heart after walking, felt

less when very busy. (W.)

Hurried, forcing feeling about the apex of the heart, with fluttering, and general faint feeling; could do nothing, obliged to put aside her work; relieved by sitting still. (W.)

Had two sharp thrusts of pain in the heart.

Heart symptoms were troublesome, out of breath when ascending a flight of stairs, obliged to stop to get breath. (W.)

Heart symptoms constantly troublesome, but aggravated when

walking fast. (W.)

Sharp and quick pain in the left side of the chest, with flutter-

ing of the heart. (Y.)

Sensation as if the heart were squeezed in a a vice, as if the blood had all gone to the heart, producing a feeling as if the prover must bend double; inability to walk straight. (C. Le B.)

The heart fairly shakes with cold, though the weather is mild; nausea; all the heart symptoms are better when going into a warm room. (C. Le B.)

Heavy feeling as if the blood were shut up in the heart; pulse small and weak, a sensation as if blood did not reach the radial

artery in sufficient quantity. (Dr. L.)

Weak beating of the heart:—with severe congestion of the chest, bloody taste in the mouth; severe left-sided headache; dizziness; feeling of faintness; blur before the eyes and fear of falling. (Dr. L.)

Awakened from sleep at night with a distressing, pressive

pain in the region of the heart, and palpitation. (T.)

Constant pain in the region of the heart, increased by bending forward, stooping, and on lying down. (T.)

Wakened at night by a voilent fluttering of the heart, not influenced by change of position. (T.)

Attacks of violent palpitation of the heart, frequently recur-

Sensation of weight in the left chest. (T.)

Heaviness and pressure in the region of the heart, almost unbearable after eating. (T.)

Fluttering or palpitation of the heart; cold hands and feet

covered with cold perspiration. (T.)

Sensation as if the heart were grasped, with pain and heaviness of the left mamma, extending to the left shoulder-blade, and down the left side to the lumbar region, 10 o'clock P. M. (F.)

Slight momentary, spasmodic twitchings around the heart, with a congested feeling of the chest. (Dr. L.)

Pain in the left side of the chest as if the heart were violently grasped by the hand, then suddenly released alternately, interrupted pulsation and breathing, relieved by rubbing and pressure [Compare Cactus.] (Dr. G.)

Pain in the region of the heart in the afternoon; aggravated by stooping, leaning forward or bowing, much increased through the night; but better in the morning and forenoon. (Dr. G.)

Dull, heavy or pressive pain in the region of the heart. (Dr.

The heart feels as if squeezed in a vice [Compare Cactus] (Mrs. Dr. C. Le B.)

Pressive pain in the heart. (Dr. S.)Dull, pressive pain in the left side of the chest, apparently in the heart. (Dr. G.)

Heaviness in the region of the heart. (Dr. S.)

Heavy feeling in the left side, in the region of the heart, con-

Fluttering of the heart. (Y.) Throbbing of the heart causing him to catch his breath.

Palpitation of the heart. (Y.)

Violent beating of tae heart, and throbbing of the carotids, preventing sleep when lying on either side. (Mrs. Dr. S. A. F.)

Severe constrictive pain about the heart, extending through to the shoulder-blade; with severe chills toward evening, and yawning and stretching. (Mrs. Dr. LéB.)

Heaviness in the region of the heart; and palpitation when lying on the left side; worse at night, and when lying down.

(Dr. L.)

The heart symptoms were all worse at night: and there was great fearfulness that he had mistaken his case: and that he was really suffering from an organic disease of the heart instead of medicinal symptoms, though he had never had such symptoms

Arteries:—Conscious pulsations over the whole body, and out pressing sensation in the hands and arms as though the blood

would burst through the vessels. (F.)

Throbbing of the carotids, with violent beating of the heart, worse when lying on either side, preventing sleep. (Mrs. Dr. C. LeB.

Púlsation over the whole body coming on between 6 and 8 o'clock P. M. with severe hot pain in the forehead, heat of the extremities, and prostration. (F.)

Pulsation of all the arteries, perceptible to the prover.  $(F_{\cdot})$ 

#### BACK.

Cervical:—Drawing sensation in the muscles of the neck; left shoulder; and stitching pains in the left mammary gland, increasing after 2 o'clock, p. m. (F.)

Dull pain in the nape of the neck with feeling of constriction.

See head symptoms.

Soreness of the cervical and occipital muscles, during the

whole proving. (Mrs. Dr. W.)

Pain in the left nucha, increasing to a burning sensation as from applied electricity, the whole neck feels lame, and tired;

worse on going to bed. (Dr. L.) Dorsal:—Pain in the back and left shoulder-blade which seemed to proceed from the left mammary gland and was relieved by changing position: —with hard breathing; frequent desire to make a deep inspiration, sighing; restless sleep, frightful and laborious dreams; no sleep after two o'clock A. M. (F.)

Pain between the shoulders. (B.)

Pain in the dorsal vertabræ às if the back would break. (Mrs. Dr. S. A. Y.)

Creeping chills down the back every night on going to bed, continuing for a month, each attack followed by violent beating of the heart, and throbbing of the carotids preventing sleep; worse when lying on either side. (F.)

Cold feeling in the back as if cold water were being poured up-

on it. (Y.)

Cold chills in the back at night, and hot flushes in the morn-

ing. (Y.)

Lumbar:—Sharp pain in the lumbar region, extending over the right hip to the umbilical region, ameliorated by rubbing. (F.)

Drawing pain in the right side of the loins, near the hip, in-

creased by rising up. (F.)

Trembling sensation in the lower part of the back, abdomen,

and knees. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Steady pain in the small of the back, spreading from the spine both ways towards the kidneys, continuing all day, after a restless night. (Dr. L.)

Constant pain in the loins. (Y.)

Dull, heavy pain and great weakness in small of the back and loins. (Y)

Occasional dull, shooting pains across the small of the back.

(Dr. S.)

Steady pain in the lumbar region. (B.)

Dull pain in the lower back and sacrum. (Y.)

Constant pain between the hips. (Y.)

Constant pain low down in the back-bone between the hips.

Pain in the right side of the loins, near the hip, which came on changing position in bed aggravated by rising up. (F)

Sacral:—Pain in the sacrum. (Y.)

Drawing pain in the sacrum aggravated by moving. (F.)

Coccygeal:—Sensation of pulling upwards from the tip of the os coccygis. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

#### UPPER EXTREMITIES.

Shoulders:—Dull pain in the left shoulder. (F.)

Drawing pain in the left shoulder and neck, and stitching

pains in the left mamma. (F.)

Itching and burning of the deltoid muscles of both shoulders, relieved for a short time by rubbing and scratching. (Mrs Dr. N. W.)

Axilla:—Sweat in the arm-pit, especially in the right. (Mrs.

Dr. N. W.)

Upper arms:—Tearing pains in the muscles of the left upper arm. (Dr. L.)

Irritation of the arms and upper part of the chest. (F.)

Fore arms:—Pressing pain in the right arm and wrist, with cramps in the fingers. (F.)

Wrists:—Pain [hard ache] in the right wrist, and sensation of great weakness. (F.)
Pressing pain in the right wrist, and arm, with cramps in the

Hands:—Out pressing sensation in the hands and arms in the first part of the night:—with restlessness; heat and pain in the forehead, extending to the eyes, going off in the morning at, 8 o'clock. (F.)

Burning heat in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet extending up the limbs, with constant searching for a cool place,

aggravated at night. (F.)

Moisture of the palms of the hands towards morning, following great heat at night. (F.)

Right hand and arm stiff and painful during the night, abating

after 8 o'clock in the morning. (F.)

Both hands and arms stiff and hot as if parched. (F.)

Fever heat of the hands and arms through the night. (F.)

Tremor of the hands. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Cold hands. (Y.)

Everything exciting produces cold hands. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Cold hands and feet, with profuse cold and clammy perspiration, keeping the hands and feet constantly wet. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Cold perspiration of the back of both hands. (Y)

Fingers:—Pricking, painful sensation in the fingers and hands,

Qnick pain in the ring-finger of each hand and the corresponding toes, lasting a second, but frequently recurring. (Dr. S.)

Pain in the index finger, like an electric current, begining at

the joint, with increased throbbing of the pulse. (F.)

Sensation as of an electric current, beginning in the left index finger, extending to the other fingers of the same hand, and up the arm; then in the right index flinger, extending as on the other side, to the remaining fingers of the same hand and arm, with, at the same time, coldness of the feet, which continued for several hours, Ithis electric current was felt throughout the proving, but in the left hand and fingers was the first of all the symptoms to show any permanent abatement and together with the hot feet and hands first that permanently disappeared.] (F.)

Fingers of the right hand feel stiff, with cramp in the middle

finger, running up the arm. (F)

Pricking sensation in the fingers of both hands.

Stiffness of the fingers, almost like paralysis; great difficulty

in holding and guiding the pencil to write. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Severe pain and soreness of the second joint of the fingers, and ankle joints, rendering the jolting of a carriage very painful; the pain continued severe all night; next morning the muscles felt lame as if bruised; the soles of the feet were very sore, making stepping painful; hands felt as if they had been pounded, and the whole body felt sore and bruised; even the pressure of the clothes was very painful. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

#### LOWER EXTREMITIES.

Hips:—Pain in the right hip extending down the thigh. (F.)
Boring pain in the right hip joint; stiff feeling of the muscles
of the thigh, and pain in the ankle, going down to the toes. (F.)

Soreness of the right hip joint, during the whole proving:—with soreness of the cervical and occipital muscles; worse during

thirsty spells, [see moral symptoms.] (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Stitches coming and going throughout the day in the right hip joint; with chilliness and headache, increased as the evening

advanced. (Dr. L.)

Severe drawing pain in the right hip, extending down the outside of the thigh, relieved by moving the limb from place to place. (F.)

Catching pain in the right hip, and down the outside of the

thigh; worse when sitting up. (F.)

Occasional stitching pain in the right hip joint, (Dr. L.)

Thighs: Drawing pain on the outside of the right thigh, proceeding from the hip, relieved by moving the limb from place to place (E)

to place. (H.)

Pain in the left thigh, aggravated by walking, yet the pain was so much worse after having ceased to walk, she was impelled to walk again, though she knew after doing so she would be worse again. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Great lassitude of the thighs; with chills commencing in the face and extending downward; and oppressed feeling of the

chest as if it contained too much blood. (Dr. L.)

Severe, fleeting, circumscribed pain on the inner side of the left thigh. (Dr. S.)

Sharp pain in the left thigh, two inches below Poupart's liga-

ment. (Dr. S.)

Knees: Grasping pain in knees, continuing for some time. (F.)

Heavy, aching sensation in both knees after lying down. (F.)

Stinging sensation just below the right knee. (F.)

Aching in the knees, and depressing weight over the pubis [10th day.] (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Trembling of the knees, abdomen and back, and tremor of

the hands. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Weakness and pain in the knees when walking. (Dr. S.)

Weakness and pain in the knees particularly in ascending. (Dr. S.)

Sharp, circumscribed pain in both knees, at the internal condyles. (Dr. L.)

Pain in the knees, constant. (Dr. L.)

Dull, heavy pain from the knees to the toes, moving suddenly from place to place [Kali. bich.] (Dr. L.)

Formication below the knees. (Dr. S.)

Circumscribed, shifting pains below the knees. [Comp. Kalibich.] (Dr. S.)

Legs: Tingling in the legs. (Dr. S.)
Legs feel heavy, full and dull. (Dr. S.)

Coldness of the outer side of the left leg as if wind were

blowing upon it. (Dr. S.)

Outpressing sensation in the extremities—legs, feet, hands and arms, in the evening in bed:—with general restlessness, heat and pain in the forehead and over the eyes, going off at 8 o'clock in the morning with a free discharge from the bowels, leaving an acrid smarting sensation at the anus. (F.)

Fever heat of the feet and legs throughout the night. (F.)

Heat in the lower limbs with restless movements. (F.)

Cramp in the legs and feet:—with morning diarrhœa, and

stretching and yawning. (F.)

Aching of the legs:—with inability to keep them still in bed; worse when giving up control of herself, as when trying to sleep. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Swiftly darting pains about the legs in the evening, continu-

ing for about two hours; then suddenly subsiding. (F.)

Great weakness of the legs. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Legs weak as if unable to support the body. (Dr. L.)

Staggering gait; could not walk straight without exerting himself to the utmost. (Dr. L.)

Joints seem to lack synovial fluid when walking, could almost hear crepitation. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Extremities cold and clammy, with chills and severe, cutting pain in the bowels, and full feeling of the head. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Ankles:—Pain in the ankle joint, worse when moving. (Dr. S.)

Severe pain in the ankle joints, and second joint of the fingers, making the motion of a carriage very painful; bruised feeling in the soles of the feet, and great muscular soreness, making pressure of the clothes painful. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Feet:—Dull, boring pain in the top of the left foot. (Dr. S.)

Cold feet. (Y.)

Cold feet and hands, and constantly wet with a cold, clammy perspiration. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Cold perspiration of the feet. (Y.)

Coldness of the feet, with a sensation as of an electric current in the fingers of both hands, commencing in the left, and extending to the right. (F.)

Burning heat, beginning in the soles of the feet and palms of the hands, and extending thence over the whole body, increased in the evening in bed, with constant desire to find a cool place. (F)

Moisture of the soles of the feet towards morning, following great heat. (F.)

Pulsation in both feet. (Dr. S.)

Toes:—Cramp in the toes of the left loot. (F.)

Quick pain in the fourth toe of each foot, at the same time in the ring finger of each hand, continuing but a second, but frequently returning. (Dr. S.)

#### FEVER.

Chills:—Chilly feeling all over the body. (Mrs. Dr. C. LéB.) Chills creeping down the back for a month, every night on going to bed;—with violent beating of the heart, and throbbing of the carotids, preventing sleep when lying on either side. (Mrs. Dr. C. LéB.)

Severe chills towards evening; with stretching and yawning; a severe constrictive pain about the heart, a feeling as if the heart were squeezed in a vice, the pain extending through to the shoulder blade. [See heart grant and ] (May Dr. C. Tá D.)

der-blade. [See heart symptoms.] (Mrs. Dr. C. LéB.)

Chills attending a severe cutting pain in the abdomen, with cold and clammy extremities, and fullness of the head. (Dr. B.)

Chills in the face, extending downward, with a more general

chilly feeling than in cold weather, at the chest. (Dr. L.)

Congestive chills continuing the whole forenoon, when in the

fresh, open air. (Dr. L.)

Chills running from the face downward; with constriction of the chest, as if too narrow, or too much crowded with blood, and burning heat over the body, the whole night, with queer, half waking dreams. (Dr. L.)

Chilliness when in the cool, open air, though all the other

symptoms are relieved thereby. (Dr. L.)

Chilliness, with trembling sensation in the abdomen.

Cold feet and hands, and urgent desire to go to stool—cannot wait. (Y).

Heat:—Fever heat of the extremities through the night. (F.)

Great heat and general lassitude in the afternoon, with throbbing pulsations over the whole body, and outpressing sensation in the hands and arms, as though the blood would burst through the veins. (F.)

Thirst:—Drinking often and much at a time. (Mrs. Dr

N. W.)

#### SLEEP.

Sleepiness before bedtime; much sleep. (B.)

Sleepiness at unusual hours. (Y.)

Great desire to sleep, with unpleasant dreams. (Mrs.Dr.N. W.)

Excessive wakefulness. (F.)

Restless sleep; frightful and laborious dreams; sharp, cutting pains in the mammary glands—the pain in the left extending through the left shoulder blade, and to the spine; better by change of position. (F)

No sleep after 2 o'clock a. m. (F.)

Unquiet sleep. (F.)

Restless, inability to sleep. (F.)

Frequent waking as from fright. (F.)

Inability to sleep, with wild feeling in the head, as if she would be crazy. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Inability to sleep for a long time—eyes wide open, at length

went to sleep lying on the back with the knees drawn up. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

No sleep till after midnight, then frequent waking. (Mrs. Dr.

N. W.)

Waking in the morning tremulous and weak as from a severe fit of sickness, after having had an attack of severe, cutting pain in the bowels in the evening, beginning at 8 o'clock; the pain in the bowels was promptly relieved by Nux v. (Mrs. Dr. B.)

Sleep unrefreshing—broken by disagreeable dreams; with great irritability in the evening; full feeling in the forehead, over the eyes; outward pressure in the whole forehead; reels and staggers when walking; with inclination to fall forward, and

chills in the face. (Dr. L.)

After having been called out at night, was miserable and restless—could not sleep, everything seemed too hot; next morning steady pain in the small of the back, spreading both ways to the kidneys, continuing all day; occasional stitches in the right hip joint, staggering gait—could only walk straight by very great exertion. (Dr. L.)

Drowsy, with burning, pressing headache, mostly in the left side of the forehead, gradually increasing with the advance of

evening. (Dr. L.)

Unrefreshing sleep, with fullness and heaviness of the head,

especially the left side in the morning. (Dr. L.)

Restless sleep, full of unremembered dreams; with seminal emissions towards morning, waking with dull headache, palpitation of the heart, beating of the arteries, felt only when lying in bed, or during a siesta. (Dr. L.)

Dreams.—Dreams all night. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Frightful and laborious dreams, with restless sleep, and sharp, cutting pains in the mammary glands. (F.)

Unpleasant dreams. (Mrs. Dr. N. W.)

Queer, half waking dreams, for instance; occurrences which followed each other in rapid succession, seemed to be separated by long intervals, as when the child got up to pass urine. The intervals between getting up, passing urine, and going to bed again, seemed very long. (Dr. L.)

Lascivious dreams towards morning, and seminal emissions; followed next morning by irritability and great weakness of the legs; dull pressure under the sternum towards the middle portion of the right lung [which pressure was somewhat relieved by sighing and pressure with the hand]; difficulty of keeping the thoughts fixed upon the subject under consideration, making mistakes when speaking, choosing wrong words to express the ideas; loss of appetite.

Afternoon: congestion of the chest; taste of blood in the mouth; weak beating of the heart; severe left-sided headache, dizziness; blur before the eyes; faint feeling, with fear of falling; aggravation in a close room; amelioration when walking the

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